

# YELLOWSTONE ACQUISITION CO

## FORM 8-K (Current report filing)

Filed 05/18/21 for the Period Ending 05/17/21

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Telephone    (402) 201-2073  
CIK           0001823587  
Symbol       YSAC  
SIC Code     6770 - Blank Checks  
Industry      Holding Companies  
Sector       Financials  
Fiscal Year  12/31

**UNITED STATES  
SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION  
Washington, D.C. 20549**

**FORM 8-K**

**CURRENT REPORT**  
Pursuant to Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934

Date of Report (Date of earliest event reported): May 18, 2021 (May 17, 2021)

**YELLOWSTONE ACQUISITION COMPANY**  
(Exact name of registrant as specified in its Charter)

**Delaware**  
(State or other jurisdiction of Incorporation)

**001-39648**  
(Commission File Number)

**85-2732947**  
(IRS Employer Identification Number)

**1601 Dodge Street, Suite 3300  
Omaha, Nebraska 68102**  
(Address and telephone number of principal executive offices, including zip code)  
**(402) 225-6511**  
(Registrant's telephone number, including area code)  
Not Applicable  
(Former name or address, if changed since last report)

Securities registered under Section 12(b) of the Exchange Act:

<b>Title of Class</b>	<b>Trading Symbol</b>	<b>Name of Exchange on Which Registered</b>
Units, each consisting of one share of Class A common stock, \$0.0001 par value, and one-half of one redeemable warrant	YSACU	The Nasdaq Stock Market LLC
Class A common stock, \$0.0001 par value included as part of the units	YSAC	The Nasdaq Stock Market LLC
Warrants, each whole warrant exercisable for one share of Class A common stock at an exercise price of \$11.50 per share	YSACW	The Nasdaq Stock Market LLC

Check the appropriate box below if the Form 8-K filing is intended to simultaneously satisfy the filing obligation of Registrant under any of the following provisions (see General Instruction A.2. below):

- Written communications pursuant to Rule 425 under the Securities Act (17 CFR 230.425)
- Soliciting material pursuant to Rule 14a-12 under the Exchange Act (17 CFR 240.14a-12)
- Pre-commencement communications pursuant to Rule 14d-2(b) under the Exchange Act (17 CFR 240.14d-2(b))
- Pre-commencement communications pursuant to Rule 13e-4(c) under the Exchange Act (17 CFR 240.13e-4(c))

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is an emerging growth company as defined in Rule 405 of the Securities Act of 1933 or Rule 12b-2 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934.

Emerging growth company

If an emerging growth company, indicate by check mark if the registrant has elected not to use the extended transition period for complying with any new or revised financial accounting standards provided pursuant to Section 13(a) of the Exchange Act.

#### **Item 4.02 – Non-Reliance on Previously Issued Financial Statements or a Related Audit Report or Completed Interim Review**

On April 12, 2021, the SEC issued a statement (the “Statement”) discussing the accounting implications of certain terms that are common in warrants issued by special purpose acquisition companies (“SPACs”). Specifically, the Statement focused on certain settlement terms and provisions related to certain tender offers, which terms are similar to those contained in the warrants (the “Warrants”) issued by Yellowstone Acquisition Company (the “Company”). As a result of the SEC Statement, the Company reevaluated the accounting treatment of (i) the 6,799,449 redeemable warrants (the “Public Warrants”) that were included in the units issued by the Company in its initial public offering (the “IPO”) and (ii) the 7,719,779 privately issued warrants (together with the Public Warrants, the “Warrants”) that were included in the units issued to the Company’s sponsor in a private placement that closed concurrently with the closing of the IPO, and determined to classify the Warrants as derivative liabilities measured at fair value, with changes in fair value each period reported in earnings. While the Company has not generated any operating revenues to date and will not generate any operating revenues until after completion of its initial business combination, at the earliest, the change in fair value of the Warrants is a non-cash charge and will be reflected in the Company’s statement of operations.

In light of the Statement, the Company’s management evaluated the terms of the Warrant agreements and concluded that because the Warrants include the type of provisions (the “Provisions”) interpreted in the Statement, the Company should classify some, if not all, of the Warrants as liabilities in the Company’s audited financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2020 (the “Financial Statements”) and not as components of equity. Warrants that are classified as liabilities must be adjusted to fair value each reporting date with changes in the fair value recorded in the Company’s statement of operations. The Company is continuing to assess the impact of the Statement on each category of Warrants.

On May 17, 2021, the Board of Directors (the “Board”) of the Company, in consultation with the Audit Committee of the Board, concluded that it would be appropriate to restate the Financial Statements in an Annual Report on Form 10-K/A for the period ended December 31, 2020 (the Form 10-K/A”) and the Company’s audited balance sheet dated as of October 26, 2020 filed as Exhibit 99.1 to the Company’s Current Report on Form 8-K filed with the SEC on November 7, 2020 (the “November 2020 8-K”) to reflect the applicable Warrants as liabilities. The Company has discussed this approach with its independent registered public accounting firm, KPMG LLP, and is working diligently to finalize the valuation of the Warrants and intends to file the Form 10-K/A as soon as practicable. In the Form 10-K/A and in its future financial statements (unless the Provisions are removed from the Warrant Agreements in accordance with the terms thereof), the Company will measure the fair value of the liability classified Warrants at the end of each reporting period or at the time of exercise and recognize the changes in the fair value in the Company’s statement of operations.

The information in the Form 10-K/A and subsequent filings will also supersede press releases or other communications describing the Financial Statements and other related financial information for the year ended December 31, 2020.

Considering such restatement, the Financial Statements for the year ended December 31, 2020 and the audited balance sheet as of October 26, 2020 should no longer be relied upon (the “Non-Reliance Period”). The Company will file an amendment to its Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2020 reflecting the reclassification of the Warrants for the Non-Reliance Period as soon as practicable.

Going forward, unless the Company amends the terms of the Warrant agreements, it expects to continue to classify the Warrants as liabilities, which would require the Company to incur the cost of measuring the fair value of the Warrant liabilities, and which may have an adverse effect on the Company’s results of operations.

The Company’s management and the Audit Committee have discussed the matters disclosed in this Current Report on Form 8-K pursuant to this Item 4.02 with KPMG LLP.

Due to the required restatement of the Annual Report, the Company was not able to file its Form 10-Q for the quarter ended March 31, 2021 by the May 17, 2021 deadline, but has timely filed a Form 12b-25, and is working diligently to finalize the restated financial statements and to file its Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended March 31, 2021 by the deadline extension of May 24, 2021.

In light of the restatement, the Company’s management evaluated the effectiveness of the Company’s disclosure controls and procedures as of December 31, 2020. That evaluation included consideration of the views expressed in the Statement in which the SEC staff clarified its interpretations of certain generally accepted accounting principles related to warrants issued by SPACs. Prior to the Statement, management believed that the Company’s warrant accounting was consistent with generally accepted accounting principles. Management’s belief was supported by the fact that most other SPACs and parties who had merged with SPACs similarly interpreted the warrant accounting principles at issue. However, based on the clarifications expressed in the Statement which resulted in the restatement, the Company concluded that the Company’s disclosure controls and procedures were not effective as of December 31, 2020 and determined that a material weakness existed.

**Forward-Looking Statements:** This Current Report on Form 8-K contains “forward-looking” statements. All statements other than statements of historical fact are statements that could be deemed forward-looking statements. The Company advises caution in reliance on forward-looking statements. Forward-looking statements include, without limitation, the Company’s plans related to restatement of the consolidated financial statements as of and for the year ended December 31, 2020 and the Company’s estimates related to the errors included in the consolidated financial statements covering the Non-Reliance Period. These statements involve known and unknown risks, uncertainties and other factors that may cause actual results to differ materially from those implied by forward-looking statements, including the outcome of the Company’s completion of the quantification and evaluation of the specific impact of the misstatements related to the previously issued financial statements, including the possibility of material adjustments thereto; the discovery of additional and unanticipated information during the procedures required to be completed before the Company is able to file its required reports; and the application of accounting or tax principles in an unanticipated manner. See also additional risk factors set forth in the Company’s periodic filings with the SEC, including, but not limited to, those risks and uncertainties listed in the section entitled “Risk Factors,” in the Company’s Annual Report on Form 10-K filed with the SEC on March 12, 2021. All forward-looking statements in this Current Report on Form 8-K are based on information available to the Company as of the date of this filing. The Company expressly disclaims any obligation to update or alter its forward-looking statements, whether as a result of new information, future events or otherwise, except as required by applicable law.

**ITEM 7.01 Regulation FD Disclosure.**

(1) On May 18, 2021, the Company issued a press release entitled “Yellowstone Acquisition Company Filing of Form 12b-25 to Address Recent SEC Pronouncement on Accounting for Warrants issued by SPACs.” The full text of the press release is attached to this Current Report on Form 8-K as Exhibit 99.1 and is incorporated herein by reference. The press release was also simultaneously filed on the Company’s website. The information in this Item 7.01 of this Current Report on Form 8-K and Exhibit 99.1 shall not be deemed “filed” for the purposes of Section 18 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, or incorporated by reference in any filing under the Securities Act of 1933 or the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, except as shall be expressly set forth by specific reference in such filing.

(2) On May 18, 2021, the Company issued a press release entitled “Yellowstone Acquisition Company to Restate 2020 Financial Statements to Address the Recent SEC Pronouncement on Accounting for Warrants issued by Special Purpose Acquisition Companies.” The full text of the press release is attached to this Current Report on Form 8-K as Exhibit 99.2 and is incorporated herein by reference. The press release was also simultaneously filed on the Company’s website. The information in this Item 7.01 of this Current Report on Form 8-K and Exhibit 99.2 shall not be deemed “filed” for the purposes of Section 18 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, or incorporated by reference in any filing under the Securities Act of 1933 or the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, except as shall be expressly set forth by specific reference in such filing.

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**ITEM 9.01 Financial Statements and Exhibits.**

- (d) Exhibits. The Exhibit Index set forth below is incorporated herein by reference.

**EXHIBIT INDEX**

<u>Exhibit Number</u>	<u>Exhibit Title</u>
99.1	<a href="#">Press Release, dated May 18, 2021 titled “Yellowstone Acquisition Company Filing of Form 12b-25 to Address Recent SEC Pronouncement on Accounting for Warrants issued by SPACs.”</a>
99.2	<a href="#">Press Release, dated May 18, 2021 titled “Yellowstone Acquisition Company to Restate 2020 Financial Statements to Address the Recent SEC Pronouncement on Accounting for Warrants issued by Special Purpose Acquisition Companies.”</a>

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#### **SIGNATURES**

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the Registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned hereunto duly authorized.

YELLOWSTONE ACQUISITION COMPANY

(Registrant)

By: /s/ Joshua P. Weisenburger

Joshua P. Weisenburger,

Chief Financial Officer

Date: May 18, 2021

**Yellowstone Acquisition Company Filing of Form 12b-25 to Address Recent SEC Pronouncement on Accounting for Warrants issued by SPACs**

OMAHA, NEBRASKA, May 18, 2021 -- (BUSINESS WIRE) – Yellowstone Acquisition Company (the “Company”)(NASDAQ:YSACU, YSAC and YSACW), a special purpose acquisition company (“SPAC”), announced that the Company has filed a Form 12b-25 to allow it time to account for recent changes in accounting for warrants issued by SPACs. The Company has chosen to extend its filing date to provide additional time to complete the preparation of its financial statements, which could not be accomplished by the original filing date without incurring unreasonable effort and expense. The Company expects to file the report within the five-day extension period provided by Rule 12b-25. Despite diligent efforts, additional time is required to prepare the financial statements due to the time required to complete the restatement of the Company’s audited financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2020. The restatement for calendar year 2020 is required due to the recent pronouncement by the Securities and Exchange Commission in April 2020 that special purpose acquisition companies must account for both publicly traded warrants and warrants purchased by the sponsor as liabilities rather than equity instruments. Once the Company completes the restated financial results for 2020 it expects to be able to soon thereafter file its Form 10-Q for the quarter ended March 31, 2021. As Yellowstone completed its initial public offering in October 2020, no financial statements other than the annual audited financial statements for 2020 need to be restated. The Company anticipates filing a Form 8-K with further details of the restatement later today.

**ABOUT YELLOWSTONE ACQUISITION COMPANY**

Yellowstone Acquisition Company is a blank check company formed for the purpose of entering into a merger, capital stock exchange, asset acquisition, stock purchase, reorganization or similar business combination with one or more businesses in the homebuilding, manufacturing serving the homebuilding market, financial services and commercial real estate industries. To contact the Company, please visit [www.yellowstoneac.com](http://www.yellowstoneac.com) or email the Company at [contact@yellowstoneac.com](mailto:contact@yellowstoneac.com).

**FORWARD-LOOKING STATEMENTS**

Certain statements made herein are “forward-looking statements” within the meaning of the “safe harbor” provisions of the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995. Forward-looking statements may be identified by the use of words and phrases such as “will”, “may”, “should”, “future”, “promptly”, “expect”, “estimate”, “anticipate,” “intends”, “plans”, “subject to”, and “change” and other similar expressions that predict or indicate future events or trends or that are not statements of historical fact. Such statements may include, but are not limited to, statements regarding the Company’s intent to restate certain historical financial statements and the timing of the restatement and the Company’s statements regarding its anticipated results of operations for the quarterly period ended March 31, 2021. These statements are based on current expectations on the date hereof and involve a number of risks and uncertainties that may cause actual results to differ significantly. These forward-looking statements are not guarantees of future performance, conditions or results, and involve a number of known and unknown risks, uncertainties, assumptions and other important factors, including without limitation the completion of the Company’s quarterly review procedures, many of which are outside the Company’s control, that could cause actual results or outcomes to differ materially from those discussed in the forward-looking statements. The Company does not assume any obligation to update or revise any such forward-looking statements, whether as the result of new developments or otherwise.

**Investor Contact:**

Catherine Vaughan  
[contact@yellowstone.com](mailto:contact@yellowstone.com)

**Yellowstone Acquisition Company to Restate 2020 Financial Statements to Address the Recent SEC Pronouncement on Accounting for Warrants issued by Special Purpose Acquisition Companies**

OMAHA, NEBRASKA, May 18, 2021 -- (BUSINESS WIRE) – Yellowstone Acquisition Company (the “Company”) (NASDAQ: YSACU, YSAC and YSACW), a special purpose acquisition company, announced that the Company will restate its 2020 financial statements as filed in its Annual Report on Form 10-K to account for recent changes in accounting for warrants issued by special purpose acquisition companies (“SPACs”).

On April 12, 2021, the SEC issued a statement (the “Statement”) discussing the accounting implications of certain terms that are common in warrants issued by SPACs. Specifically, the Statement focused on certain settlement terms and provisions related to certain tender offers, which terms are similar to those contained in the warrants (the “Warrants”) issued by the Company. As a result of the SEC Statement, the Company reevaluated the accounting treatment of (i) the 6,799,449 redeemable warrants (the “Public Warrants”) that were included in the units issued by the Company in its initial public offering (the “IPO”) and (ii) the 7,719,779 privately issued warrants (together with the Public Warrants, the “Warrants”) that were included in the units issued to the Company’s sponsor in a private placement that closed concurrently with the closing of the IPO, and determined to classify the Warrants as derivative liabilities measured at fair value, with changes in fair value each period reported in earnings. While the Company has not generated any operating revenues to date and will not generate any operating revenues until after completion of its initial business combination, at the earliest, the change in fair value of the Warrants is a non-cash charge and will be reflected in the Company’s statement of operations.

In light of the Statement, the Company’s management evaluated the terms of the Warrant Agreement and concluded that because the Warrants include the type of provisions (the “Provisions”) interpreted in the Statement, the Company should classify some, if not all, of the Warrants as liabilities in the Company’s audited financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2020 (the “Financial Statements”) and not as components of equity. Warrants that are classified as liabilities must be adjusted to fair value each reporting date with changes in the fair value recorded in the Company’s statement of operations. The Company is continuing to assess the impact of the Statement on each category of Warrants.

On May 17, 2021, the Board of Directors (the “Board”) of the Company, in consultation with the Audit Committee of the Board, concluded that it would be appropriate to restate the Financial Statements in an Annual Report on Form 10-K/A for the period ended December 31, 2020 (the Form 10-K/A”) and the balance sheet dated October 26, 2020 filed as Exhibit 99.1 to the Company’s Form 8-K as filed with the SEC on November 7, 2020 (the “November 8-K”) to reflect the applicable Warrants as liabilities. The Company has discussed this approach with its independent registered public accounting firm, KPMG LLP, and is working diligently to finalize the valuation of the Warrants and intends to file the Form 10-K/A as soon as practicable. In the Form 10-K/A and in its future financial statements (unless the Provisions are removed from the Warrant Agreements in accordance with the terms thereof), the Company will measure the fair value of the liability classified Warrants at the end of each reporting period or at the time of exercise and recognize the changes in the fair value in the Company’s statement of operations.

The information in the Form 10-K/A and subsequent filings will also supersede press releases or other communications describing the Financial Statements and other related financial information for the year ended December 31, 2020.

Considering such restatement, the Financial Statements for the year ended December 31, 2020 and in the November 8-K should no longer be relied upon. The Company will file an amendment to its Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2020 reflecting the reclassification of the Warrants for the Non-Reliance Period as soon as practicable.

Going forward, unless the Company amends the terms of the Warrant Agreement, it expects to continue to classify the Warrants as liabilities, which would require the Company to incur the cost of measuring the fair value of the Warrant liabilities, and which may have an adverse effect on the Company’s results of operations.

The Company has also filed a Form 8-K with regard to these matters as described in Item 4.02 of the Form 8-K and has discussed the matters set forth in Item 4.02 of the Form 8-K with KPMG LLP.

Due to the required restatement of the Annual Report, the Company will not be able to file its Form 10-Q for the quarter ended March 31, 2021 by the May 17, 2021 deadline, but has filed a Form 12b-25, and is working diligently to finalize the restated financial statements and to file its Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended March 31, 2021 by the deadline extension of May 24, 2021.

In light of the restatement, the Company’s management evaluated the effectiveness of the Company’s controls and procedures as of December 31, 2020. That evaluation included consideration of the views expressed in the Statement in which the SEC staff clarified its interpretations of certain generally accepted accounting principles related to warrants issued by SPACs. Prior to the Statement, management believed that the Company’s warrant accounting was consistent with generally accepted accounting principles. Management’s belief was supported by the fact that most other SPACs and parties who had merged with SPACs similarly interpreted the warrant accounting principles at issue. However, based on the clarifications expressed in the Statement which resulted in the restatement, the Company concluded that the Company’s controls and procedures were not effective as of December 31, 2020 and determined that a material weakness existed.

#### **ABOUT YELLOWSTONE ACQUISITION COMPANY**

Yellowstone Acquisition Company, led by Adam Peterson and Alex Rozek, is a blank check company formed for the purpose of entering into a merger, capital stock exchange, asset acquisition, stock purchase, reorganization or similar business combination with one or more businesses in the homebuilding, manufacturing serving the homebuilding market, financial services and commercial real estate industries. To contact the Company, please visit [www.yellowstoneac.com](http://www.yellowstoneac.com) or email the Company at [contact@yellowstoneac.com](mailto:contact@yellowstoneac.com).

#### **FORWARD-LOOKING STATEMENTS**

This press release contains statements that constitute “forward-looking statements.” All statements other than statements of historical fact are statements that could be deemed forward-looking statements. The Company advises caution in reliance on forward-looking statements. Forward-looking statements include, without

limitation, the Company's plans related to restatement of the consolidated financial statements as of and for the year ended December 31, 2020 and the Company's estimates related to the errors included in the consolidated financial statements covering the Non-Reliance Period. These statements involve known and unknown risks, uncertainties and other factors that may cause actual results to differ materially from those implied by forward-looking statements, including the outcome of the Company's completion of the quantification and evaluation of the specific impact of the misstatements in previously issued financial statements, including the possibility of material adjustments thereto; the discovery of additional and unanticipated information during the procedures required to be completed before the Company is able to file its required reports; and the application of accounting or tax principles in an unanticipated manner. See also additional risk factors set forth in the Company's periodic filings with the SEC, including, but not limited to, those risks and uncertainties listed in the section entitled "Risk Factors," in the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K filed with the SEC on March 12, 2021. All forward-looking statements in this Current Report on Form 8-K are based on information available to the Company as of the date of this filing. The Company expressly disclaims any obligation to update or alter its forward-looking statements, whether as a result of new information, future events or otherwise, except as required by applicable law.

**Investor Contact:**

Catherine Vaughan

[contact@yellowstone.com](mailto:contact@yellowstone.com)